

DESCRIPTIONS

AC/DC 1000W Enclosed Switching Power Supply







EN62368-1

BS EN62368-1

UL62368-1

FEATURES

- Wide range Input voltage 90 264VAC or 120 370VDC
- Accepts AC or DC input (dual-use of same terminal)
- Operating ambient temperature range: -40°C to +70°C (Non-condensing)
- High reliability, efficiency up to 94%
- Wide range of adjustable output voltage
- Output short circuit, over-current, over-voltage protection, over-temperature protection
- Support 3+1 parallel redundancy, current sharing
- **Built-in active PFC function**
- Operating up to 5000m altitude
- Fan speed automatic adjustable

APPLICATIONS

- Industrial
- LED
- Street light control
- Electricity
- Security
- **Telecommunications**
- Medical
- Smart home

Selection Guide

Certification	Part No.*	Output Power (W)		Nominal Output Voltage and Current (Vo/Io)	Main Output Voltage Adjustable Range (V)	Efficiency at 230VAC (%) Typ.	Max. Capacitive Load (µF)		
EN/BS EN/UL	AEF1000-2B-12	960	Main	12V/80A	12-14.4		40000		
EIN/ B3 EIN/ UL	AEF1000-2B-12	10	Auxiliary	5V/2A	/	92	1000		
EN/BS EN	AEF1000-2B-15	960	Main	15V/64A	15-18	92	20000		
EIN/B3 EIN	AEF1000-2B-15	10	Auxiliary	5V/2A	/		1000		
UL/EN/BS EN	1008		W (EN)/DC EN		Main	24V/42A	24-28.8	94	10000
OL/EIN/BS EIN	AEF1000-2B-24	10	Auxiliary	5V/2A	/	94	1000		



ENL/DC ENL	AFE1000 3D 37	1007	Main	27V/37.3A	27-32.4		8000
EN/BS EN	AEF1000-2B-27	10	Auxiliary	5V/2A	/		1000
ENI/DC ENI/LII	AFF1000 3D 36	1008	Main	36V/28.8A	36-43.2		6000
EN/BS EN/UL	AEF1000-2B-36	10	Auxiliary	5V/2A	/	94	1000
UL/EN/BS EN	AEF1000-2B-48	1008	Main	48V/21A	48-56	94	4000
OL/EIN/BS EIN	AEF 1000-2B-48	10	Auxiliary	5V/2A	/		1000
EN/BS EN	AEF1000-2B-54	1009	Main	54V/18.7A	54-58		3000
EIN/ B2 EIN	AEF 1000-2B-54	10	Auxiliary	5V/2A	/		1000

Note:1.*For all applications, please refer to AEF1000-2B-xx (-QQ) Series Power Supply Application Notes.

- 3.*Before powering on the product, please confirm whether the control signal connection terminal (CN2) Pin6 (PS_ON) and Pin7 (GND) short-circuit jumper cap are connected. If not, the product without output. When the control signal connection terminal (CN2) of the product are external connected as a whole, please ensure that Pin6 and Pin7(or Pin14) are short-circuit connected. Please refer to AEF1000-2B-xx (-QQ) Series Power Supply Application Notes: 2.10 Remote control.
- 4.*When using the current sharing function for all models, do not directly increase the load on the system beyond the rated load of a single prototype when the power is turned on for the first time.
- 5.*The product picture is for reference only, for details, please refer to the actual product.

Specifications

Product Characteristics	Item	Operating Conditions		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
	Innut Valtage Dange	AC input		90		264	VAC
	Input Voltage Range	DC input		120		370	VDC
	Input Voltage Frequency			47		63	Hz
	Input Current	115VAC				12	
Input	input current	230VAC				6	А
Specifications	Inrush Current	115VAC	Cold start		20		
	illiusii cultelii	230VAC	Colu start		40		
	Power Factor	115VAC Room-temperature,		PF≥0.99			
	Power Factor	230VAC full load		PF≥0.95			
	Contact Leakage Current 240VAC				< 0.5mA		
	Output Voltage Accuracy	Main			±1		%
	Output vollage Accuracy	Auxiliary			±2		
	Line Regulation	Main output full load			±0.5		
	Line Regulation	Auxiliary output full load			±1		
	Land Danielation	Main			±0.5		
Output	Load Regulation	Auxiliary			±1		
Specifications		20MHz bandwidth at	15V/27V		150		
	Ripple & Noise*	room temperature	12V/24V/36V/48V/54V		200		mV
		(peak-to-peak value)	Auxiliary		100		
	Temperature Coefficient			±0.03		%/°C	
	Short Circuit Protection		Continuous, hiccup or output voltage turn off, re-power on for				

^{2.*}Use suffix "QQ" for conformal coating.



						recover			
		Low temperature			≥110%l0	o, hiccup	, self-rec	over	
	Over Current Protection*		Room temperature and h	110%lo≤lo≤180%lo, hiccup,			p,		
				115VA	vC	≥140%Io, hiccup, self-recover			over
Over Current Protection*		Peak power	230VA				, self-rec		
			12V			≤16.5V			
			15V			≤21V			voltage
			24V			≤35V		turn off	
	0 1/1	D:	27V			≤35V			er on for
	Over Voltage	Protection	36V			≤48V		recover	
			48V			< 60V		PS_ON	
			54V			≤63V		control recover	
			Auxiliary			< 7V (H	iccup, se	elf-recove	r)
	Over-temper	ature	Over-temperature Protec	tion Activa	ation			70	90
	Protection		Over-temperature Protec	tion Deac	tivation	50			°C
	Minimum Loa	ad				0			%
	Dynamic Min	imum load				10			%
	Hold up Tipe	_	Room-temperature,	11	5VAC		12		
	Hold-up Time		full load	230VAC			12		ms
	Fan		The fan speed is determ	ined by th	e ambient temper adjusted	ature and	output p	ower and	l linearly
	Input - Output		Electric Strength Test for 1min., leakage current			4000			
	Isolation	Input - ①	<10mA			2000 1500			VAC
		Input -	Environment temperature	o: 25 , 59C		100			
	Insulation	Output	Environment temperatur Relative humidity: <95%F		andensing	100			ΜΩ
	Resistance	Input - ①	Testing voltage: 500VDC		muensing	100			. 14122
Camanal	Operating Te	mperature				-40		+70	
General	Storage Temp					-40		+85	°C
Specifications	Storage Hum					10		95	
	Operating Hu		Non-condensing			20		90	%RH
	орегания го		PFC circuit				65		
	Switching Fre	equency	LLC circuit				100		kHz
				-40°C to	-30°C	5.0			
			Operating temperatu	Operating temperature	+45°C to +70°C	12V/15V	1.6		
	Power Derati	ng	derating	+50°C	24V/27V/36V	2.0			707 C
			Input voltage derating	90VAC -		2.0			%/VAC
			input voltage defaulty	70VAC -	1001/10	2.0			707 VAC



	Safety Class				CLASS I			
		Input - Output			2 × MOPP			
	Isolation level	Input - 🕀			1 × MC	OPP		
		Output - 🕀			1 × MC	OPP		
	MTBF	MIL-HDBK-217F@2	25°C		≥250,00	00 h		
Mechanical	Case Material	SUS 304						
	Dimensions	190.00mm x 127.0	0mm	x 40.50mm				
Specifications	Weight	eight 1.25Kg (Typ.)						
	Cooling Method	Forced air convect	tion					
		All Input Voltage Range All load range		Power On	PS_ON (CN2 Pin6) and GND (CN Pin7/14) are short		•	
	Remote Control Switch			Power Off	PS_ON (CN2 Pin6) and GND (CN Pin7/14) are open			
		All Input Voltage Range All load range		Power On	2.5		5	
	DC_OK Signal			Power Off			0.5	V
	Oring			Support direct parallel use, a	chieve 3+	1 paralle	l redund	ancy
Functional Specifications	Current Sharing Accuracy	When units in parallel		each power supply needs to ore than 50%		±5		%
•			No	rmal Output	mal Output		Green on	
	LED Signal	Main output	Abr	normal Output, protected	Red on			
	status indication F			Power Off Ligh AC Without Input)		ht off		
	Remote Sense	Total compensate Vo+/V0- respective		ge (Vs+/Vs- shorted to		200		mV
	SDA, SCL for I 2 C				Internal 2.4 kΩ pull-up resistor to			

Note:1. *The "Tip and barrel method" is used for ripple and noise test, output parallel 47uF electrolytic capacitor and 0.1uF ceramic capacitor 2. *Io is the load after voltage and temperature derating.

Floatrom sanotic Compatibility	/ENAC\
Electromagnetic Compatibility	(CIMIC)

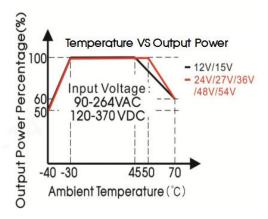
	e eompain	J. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.					
		CE	CISPR32/EN55032 CLASS B				
	Emissions	RE	CISPR32/EN55032 CLASS B				
	(EMI)	Harmonic current	EN61000-3-2 CLASS A				
		Flicker	IEC/EN61000-3-3				
Electromagnetic		ESD	IEC/EN 61000-4-2 Contact ±8KV/Air ±15KV	perf. Criteria A			
Compatibility		RS	IEC/EN 61000-4-3 10V/m	perf. Criteria A			
		EFT	IEC/EN 61000-4-4 ±2KV	perf. Criteria A			
(EMC)*	Immunity	Surge	IEC/EN 61000-4-5 line to line ±2KV/line to ground ±	perf. Criteria A			
	(EMS)		4KV	peri. Cilieria A			
		CS	IEC/EN61000-4-6 10 Vr.m.s	perf. Criteria A			
		Voltage dips, short	IEC/EN61000-4-11 0%, 70%	perf. Criteria B			
		interruptions and	1EC/EN01000 4 11 0/0, 70/0	peri. Citteria b			

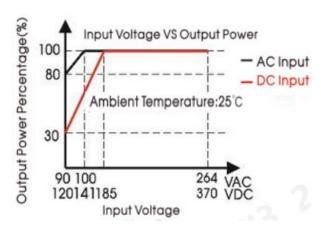


voltage variations

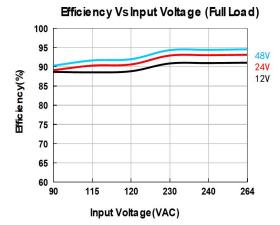
Note: *The power supply should be considered as a part of the components in the system. RE performance are been tested on a metal plate with a thickness of 3mm and a length of 450mm × 450mm. The power supply must be combined with the terminal equipment for electromagnetic compatibility confirmation.

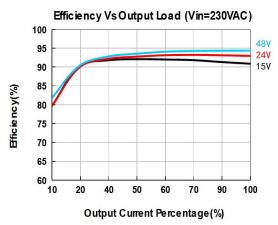
Characteristic Curve



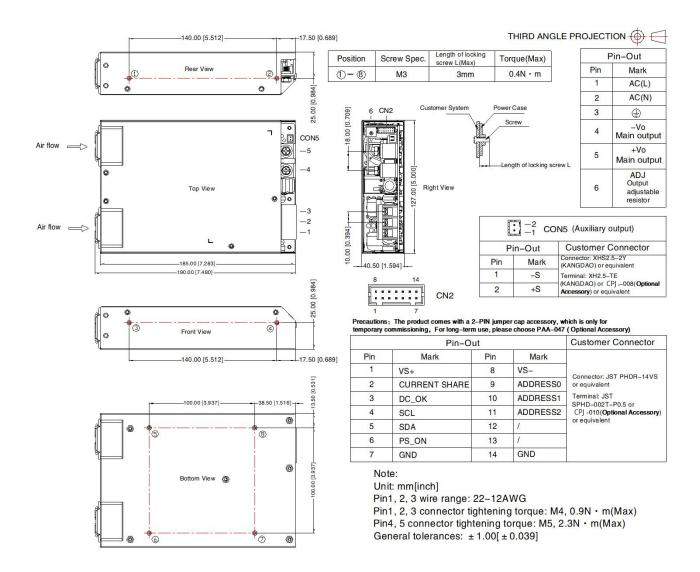


Note: With an AC input voltage between 90-100VAC and a DC input between 120-185VDC the output power must be derated as per the temperature derating curves.





Dimensions and Recommended



Note:

- 1. Unless otherwise specified, parameters in this datasheet were measured under the conditions of Ta=25°C, humidity<75%RH with nominal input voltage and rated output load;
- 2. The room temperature derating of 5°C/1000m is needed for operating altitude greater than 2000m;
- 3. In order to improve the efficiency at high input voltage, there will be audible noise generated, but it does not affect product performance and reliability;
- 4. The out case needs to be connected to PE () of system when the terminal equipment in operating;
- 5. The output voltage can be adjusted by the ADJ, clockwise to decrease;
- 6. The power supply is considered a component which will be installed into a terminal equipment. All EMC tests should be confirmed with the final equipment.
- 7.In the appearance dimension drawing, ±Vo represents the main output, ±S represents the auxiliary output, and the auxiliary output can be selected by the customer, which has no effect on the main output.







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1. Overview

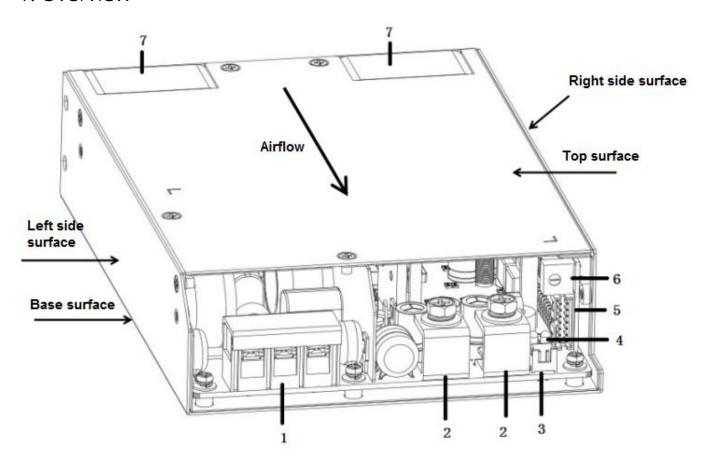


Fig. 1: Appearance information of AEF1000-2B-xx

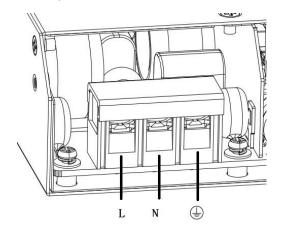
Composition structure description

- 1.AC/DC input terminal (J1)
- 2.DC main output terminal (J2, J3)
- 3. Auxiliary road output terminal (CON5)
- 4.Green and red status display LED lights
- 5. Signal connection Press the terminal (CN2)
- 6.Output voltage regulation knob
- 7.Fans



1.1 AC/DC Input Terminal Block (J1)

The input terminal J1, as a standard 3-pin fence welding terminal with upper cover, the center spacing of the pins is 10mm.



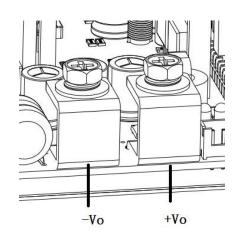
Pin	Features
L	Line (Phase)
N	Neutral
	Ground/Earth

Wire size: 22-12 AWG

Torque: 1.2Nm

1.2 Main DC Output Terminal (J2, J3)

The output terminal J2, J3, with two standard screw lock type metal terminals, the pin spacing between each is 18mm.



Pin	Features
+Vo	Main Output +
-Vo	Main Output -

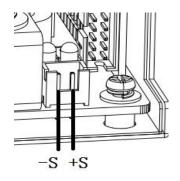
Wire size: 4-12 AWG

Torque: 2.3Nm



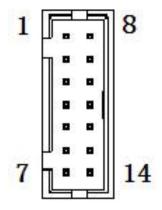
1.3 Auxiliary DC Output Terminal (CON5)

The auxiliary output terminal with a standard terminal of 2.5mm pitch.



Pin	Function
-S	Auxiliary DC Output -
+S	Auxiliary DC Output +

1.4 Signal Port (CN2)

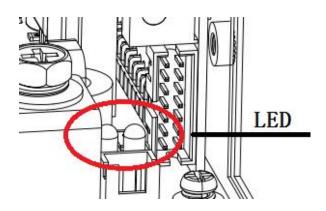


Note: The reference ground of all pins on the signal terminal is pin7 and pin14.

Pin	Label	Features
1	VS+	Remote compensation positive end
2	CURRENT SHARE	Current sharing bus
3	DC_OK	DC_OK Signal
4	SCL	I2C communication line
5	SDA	I2C communication line
6	PS_ON	Remote Control signal
7	GND	Signal terminal reference ground
8	VS-	Remote compensation negative terminal
9	ADDRESS0	ADDRESS code 0
10	ADDRESS1	ADDRESS code 1
11	ADDRESS2	ADDRESS code 2
12	RXD	Serial communication
13	TXD	Serial communication
14	GND	Signal terminal reference ground



1.5 Green And Red Status Display LED Lights

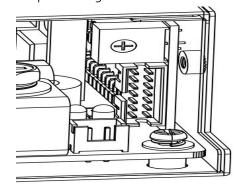


Two kinds of LED lights indicate difference working states of the power supply :

Green LED	Red LED	Status		
ON	OFF	Normal work		
OFF	ON	Main or auxiliary road alarm		
OFF	OFF	No AC input		

1.6 Output Voltage Adjustment Knob

Turn counterclockwise to increase output voltage



Model	Rated Ouput Voltage	Adjustable Range Of Output Voltage
AEF1000-2B-12	12V	12 - 14.4V
AEF1000-2B-15	15V	15 - 18V
AEF1000-2B-24	24V	24 - 28.8V
AEF1000-2B-27	27V	27 - 32.4V
AEF1000-2B-36	36V	36 - 43.2V
AEF1000-2B-48	48V	48 - 56V
AEF1000-2B-54	54V	54 - 58V



2. Function Manual

2.1 Input Requirements

The AC input voltage and DC input voltage must be within the defined voltage range (refer to datasheet), otherwise the power supply may not work properly or even malfunction.

The internal L and N line of the power module have been connected in series with a 250V 20A fuse. For better protection, it is recommended that customers use a circuit breaker not greater than 20A. (Non-mandatory requirement).

2.2 Output Requirements

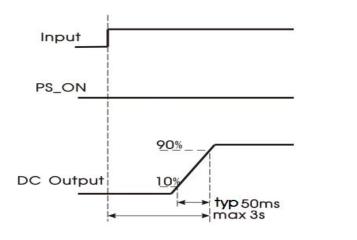
Main Output

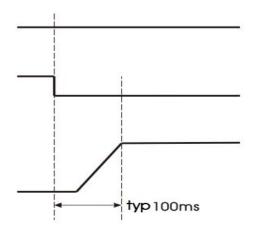
At any voltage value, the maximum output current and power must not exceed the rated/specified value. The output current must not exceed the maximum output current value.

Auxiliary Output

The auxiliary circuit supports a maximum current of 2A.

2.3 Start-up Timing







Item	Operating Conditions		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
	Room	115VAC output		12		
Power-off Hold Time	temperature, full load	230VAC output		12		ms
Start Delay Time	230VAC, full load				3	S

2.4 Fan Speed Control

The fan speed is determined by the ambient temperature and output power and linearly adjusted. When the ambient temperature is greater than 45°C and the output power is greater than 600W, the fan reaches 100% speed. In order to improve the reliability of the power supply module, the fan keeps a minimum speed

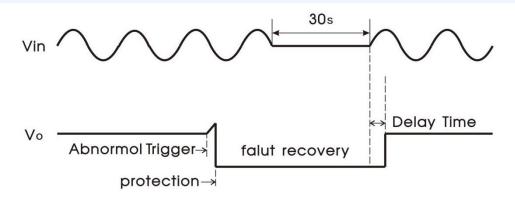
of 10% when the ambient temperature is higher than -5°C under no load; the fan will stop rotating when the ambient temperature is lower than -5°C.

2.5 Output Over-voltage Protection (OVP)

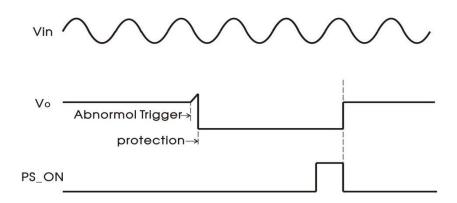
Main Output

The over-voltage protection function is to close the main output when the output voltage reaches the protection voltage value. When the main circuit over-voltage protection occurs, the main circuit output voltage of the module will be shut off, and the auxiliary circuit output will not be affected. The main circuit output can be restored after disconnecting the input power for at least 30 seconds.





In addition, it can be quickly restarted by the PS_ON signal:

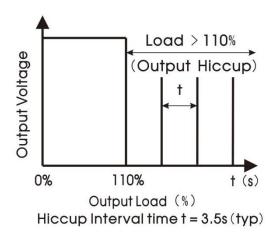


Auxiliary Output

When the auxiliary circuit voltage reaches 7Vdc (maximum value), the auxiliary output will be in hiccup status, and the main circuit without output until the auxiliary output returns to normal after the fault is eliminated.



2.6 Output Over-current Protection (OCP), Peak Power

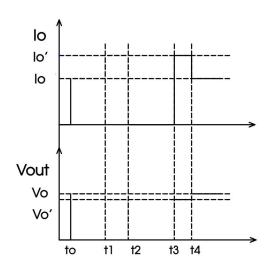


Output over-current protection (OCP)

When the output current exceeds 110% (minimum) of the rated output current, the DC output will be off.

The OCP protection function adopts hiccup mode. After the over-current condition is eliminated, the main output will automatically recover, and the auxiliary output will not be affected.

Peak power



t0-t1 moment: The output current is nominal Io, and the output voltage is nominal Vo;

t1-t2 moment: The output current Io' is 140%Io* (170%Io*), the output voltage Vo<Vo' and the





maintenance time is 300ms;

t2-t3 moment: The output power off, the protection time is about 3s;

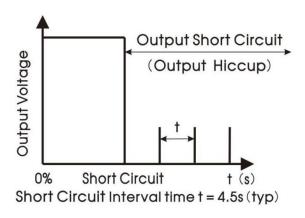
t3-t4 moment: The output current Io' is 140%Io* (170%Io*), and the output voltage Vo<Vo'. When the maintenance time is less than 300ms and the output load returns to the normal range, the output voltage will recover.

Note:140%lo is the load at 115V input; 170%lo is the load at 230V input.

2.7 Output Short Circuit Protection (SCP)

When the main output is short-circuited, the power output in hiccup with interval 4.5s. After the short-circuit is removed, the power module will automatically return to normal, and the auxiliary output will not be affected.

When the auxiliary circuit output is short-circuited, the main circuit has no output, after the short circuit is eliminated, the auxiliary output automatically recovers to normal, the main output voltage automatically recovers or the input restarts to normal.





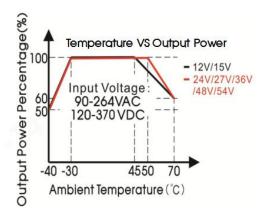
2.8 Over Temperature Protection (OTP)

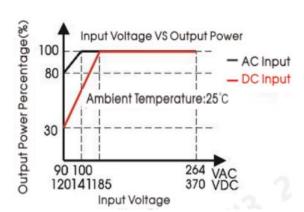
When the ambient temperature of the power supply exceeds the rated temperature for a period of time, the power supply will be turned off and the power supply will resume normal operation after the ambient temperature drops to the set value.

2.9 Output Power Derating

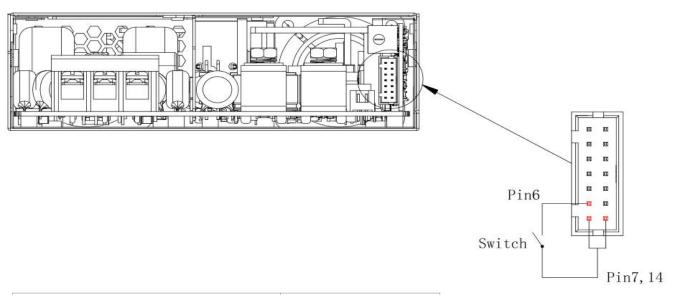
When the input voltage is greater than 100VAC (or 185VDC), only need to derate according to the temperature derating curve;

When the input voltage is lower than 100VAC (or 185VDC), the output power will be derated according to the following input voltage derating curve after temperature derating.





2.10 Remote Control



PS_ON (Pin6) and GND (Pin7or Pin14)	Output status
Short-Circuit	Output on
Pin Floating	Output off

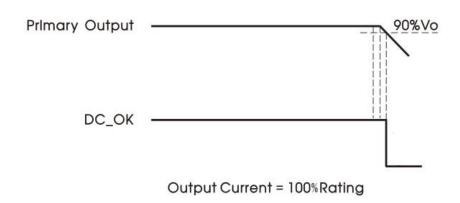
If the input terminal of the power module has been connected to a power source, the PS_ON signal pin can be used to control the on and off of the main output, and the PS_ON signal does not affect the output voltage of the auxiliary circuit. Note: The internal PS_ON input impedance of the module is 5.1K.

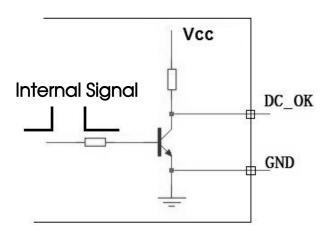
2.11 DC_OK Signal

The DC_OK signal is used to monitor whether the power supply is working normally, and the signal is at Pin3 of the signal terminal CN2.

Note: When the DC_OK signal is connected to the external circuit, the impedance of the external external circuit (i.e. between Pin3 and Pin7 or Pin14 of CN2) is not less than $10k\Omega$.

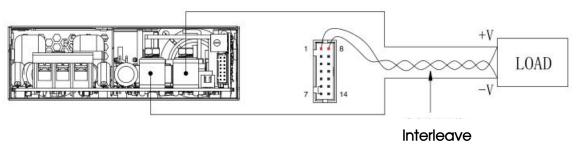






DC_OK (Pin3) and GND (Pin 7 or Pin 14)	Output state
2.5 - 5V	Output on
0 - 0.5V	Output off

2.12 Remote Compensation





Note: 1. VS+ and VS- cannot be shorted or reversed, otherwise the power module will be damaged.

2. Before powering on the product, please confirm whether the control signal connection terminal (CN2) Pin6 (PS_ON) and Pin7 (GND) short-circuit jumper cap are connected. If not, the product without output. When the control signal connection terminal (CN2) of the product are external connected as a whole, please ensure that Pin6 and Pin7(or Pin14) are short-circuit connected. Please refer to AEF1000-2B-xx (-QQ) Series Power Supply Application Notes: 2.10 Remote control.

Pin 1 and pin 8 of the signal terminal CN2 can compensate the voltage drop on the output cable.

The remote compensation circuit can compensate up to 200mV cable voltage drop. This voltage includes the sum of the cable drop connected to the output positive terminal and the output negative terminal.

If you need to use the remote compensation function, the signal pin needs to be connected with the load end with a twisted pair cable.

2.13 Parallel Operation

2.13.1 Redundancy

The power module output can be connected in parallel to achieve redundancy, thereby improving system reliability. The maximum power of the redundant system needs to be derated to ensure that the redundant system can still meet the rated load requirements when a power supply module fails. The current common practice is to construct a redundant system by the N+1 method, that is, N+1 power supplies are connected in parallel, to support the maximum load current N*Iomax, where Iomax is the rated output current of each power supply. For example, the rated output current of each power supply is



40A, and 3+1 units are connected in parallel to construct a 3*40A=120A redundant system.

The power module supports 3+1 parallel redundant operation.

The ORing circuit is used inside the power module, and when any one of the power modules in the parallel fails, it will not affect the work of other power modules.

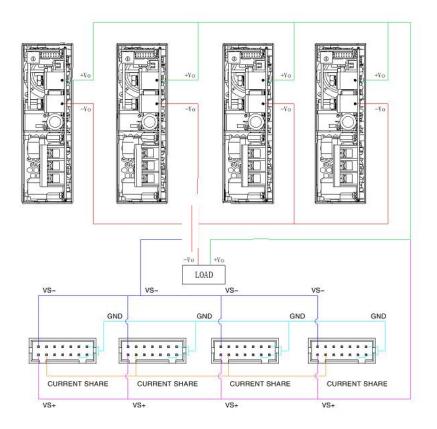
When used in parallel, the maximum load current cannot exceed the maximum output current of a single power supply module, otherwise the whole parallel power supply module will not start normally.

2.13.2 Current Sharing

Method 1: current sharing bus and remote compensation lines are both connected.

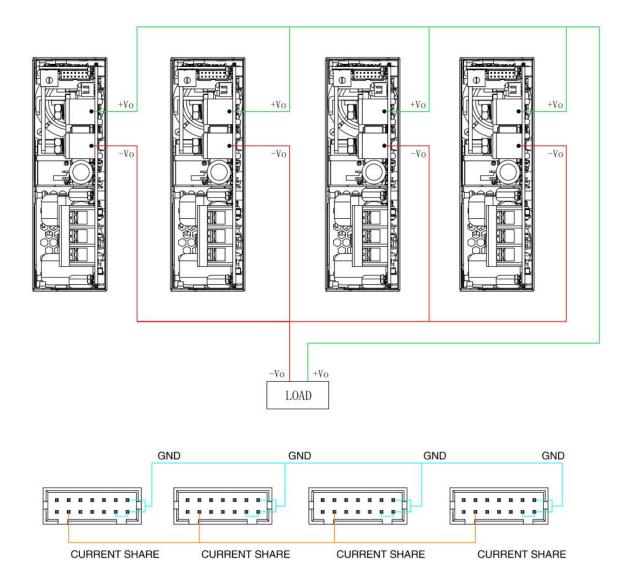
For load line loss ≤ 200mV, and the output voltage difference of each single module ≤ 50mV, this type of connection is recommended to obtain a better line-end output voltage and current sharing effect.

The wiring method of the current sharing function is shown in the figure below:



Method 2: Only the current sharing bus is connected, and the remote compensation is not connected.

For the load line loss > 200mV, or the output voltage difference of each single module cannot or does not need to be accurately adjusted to < 50mV, this type of connection is recommended to obtain a better current sharing effect of the parallel machine. In the same way, when the load loss is unknown or the current sharing fails to meet the specifications under the first connection method, it is recommended to replace it with this connected method. The wiring method of the current sharing function is shown in the figure below:



CLNF

AEF1000-2B-xx Series

Note: 1. When using in parallel, the number of parallel modules cannot exceed 4.

2. Before powering on the product, please confirm whether the control signal connection terminal (CN2) Pin6 (PS_ON) and Pin7 (GND) short-circuit jumper cap are connected. If not, the product without output. When the control signal connection terminal (CN2) of the product are external connected as a whole, please ensure that Pin6 and Pin7(or Pin14) are short-circuit connected. Please refer to AEF1000-2B-xx (-QQ) Series Power Supply Application Notes: 2.10 Remote control.

When power modules work in parallel, there is an internal active current sharing circuit to ensure that the current between each module is balanced.

The active current sharing circuit adopts the automatic master-slave current sharing method. Each power module has a current sharing bus signal (CURRENT SHARE BUS). When working in parallel, the current sharing bus of all power modules must be connected together. The current-sharing bus signal is located at pin 2 of CN2.

The output voltage of each power module will affect the current sharing accuracy. The output voltage of the power module is the rated voltage ±50mV. In practical applications, if the output voltage value needs to be adjusted, the output voltage of all parallel power supply modules needs to be adjusted to the same voltage. The recommended voltage range: target voltage value ±50mV

After the output load of each power module is greater than 50% of the rated load, the current sharing accuracy should be ±5%. The current sharing calculation formula is:

Current sharing accuracy=
$$\frac{Io \max - Io \min}{Io \max} *100\%$$

Iomax: the maximum output current value in parallel power supply modules.



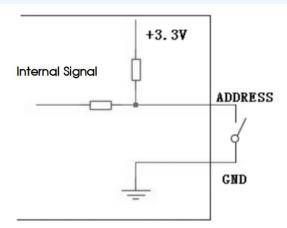
Iomin: the minimum output current value in parallel power supply modules.

2.14 I2C Communication Address

In the parallel system, if you need to identify the power module information, you need to set the I2C communication address for each parallel power module, and exchange data with the host computer through I2C. The setting of the communication address is determined by pins 9, 10 and 11 of the signal terminal CN2. When these three pins are short-circuited with pin 7 or 14 of CN2, it will be low level (L, voltage range: 0 - 1.31V). When disconnected, it is high level (H, voltage range: 1.99V-3.3V). The specific address number is shown in the table below:

ADDRESS 2	ADDRESS 1	ADDRESS 0	Address number
L	L	L	0
L	L	Н	1
L	Н	L	2
L	Н	Н	3
Н	L	L	4
Н	L	Н	5
Н	Н	L	6
Н	Н	Н	7





The internal pull-up resistance value of the power module is $10k\Omega$, and the external impedance can be matched according to the actual application to meet the high and low voltage range.

3. Installation Requirements

3.1 Safety Introduction

Warning

Risk of electric shock

During high voltage operating

- The power supply module is disconnected from the input DC or the AC power and placed for at least one minute before starting to operate it.
- When installing the input wire to the power module, please connect the ground terminal first, and then connect the L line and the N line.
- When removing the input wire, please remove the L wire and the N wire first, and then remove the ground wire.

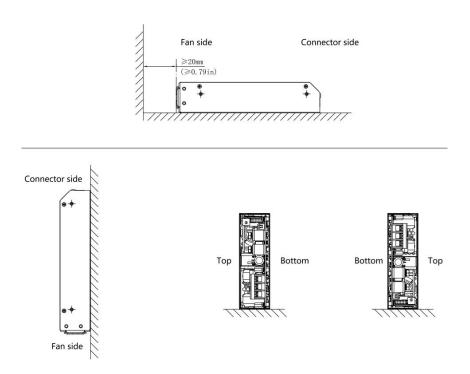
- When disassembling, make sure that no objects fall into the power module.
- Pay attention to high temperature.
- After the power module is working in a high temperature environment, wait for its shell to cool down before operating.
- This product needs to be installed by professionals and needs to be used with other equipment.

3.2 Safety Requirements

When installing, pay attention to the primary side and the protective ground, the creep distance and the electrical clearance of the primary side and the secondary side refer to EN60601-1.

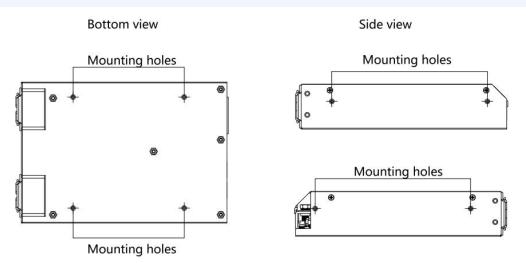
3.3 Installation Method

Standard mounting orientation:



Position of mounting holes:





Note: The fan panel cannot be blocked by other objects, and a distance of at least 20mm must be maintained, otherwise it will affect the heat dissipation and performance of the power module.

4. Communication Protocol

The AEF1000-2B-xx series power modules support standard communication protocols and manage and monitor the power modules through I2C bus.

Command	Command Name	Access Type	Data	Data Format	Description
0x9A	PMB_MFR_MODEL	Block Read	32	ASCII	Product model
0x8B	PMB_READ_VOUT	Read Word	2	Direct	Main circuit output
0x8C	PMB_READ_IOUT	Read Word	2	Direct	Main output current
0x96	PMB_READ_POUT	Read Word	2	Direct	Main output power
0xC4	PMB_MFR_AUX_VOUT	Read Word	2	Direct	Auxiliary output
0xC5	PMB_MFR_AUX_IOUT	Read Word	2	Direct	Auxiliary output
0xC7	PMB_MFR_FAULT_BIT	Read Word	2	Bit Field	Fault status word



Describe Of Fault Status Through PMB_MFR_FAULT_BIT		
Bit segment	Description	
BIT: 0	0: Fan 1 normal	
BIT: 1	0: Fan 2 normal	
BIT: 2	0: Auxiliary output normal	
BIT: 3	0: No over-voltage in main circuit	
BIT: 4	0: No under-voltage in main circuit	
BIT: 5	0: No level 1 over-current in main circuit	
BIT: 6	0: No level 2 over-current in main circuit	
BIT: 7	0: No level 1 over-load in main circuit	
BIT: 8	0: No level 2 over-load in main circuit	
BIT: 9	0: No level 3 over-load in main circuit	
BIT: 10	0: Normal temperature	
BIT: 11	0: No short circuit in main circuit	
BIT: 12	0: No hardware over-voltage in main circuit	
BIT: 13	0: No hardware under-voltage in main circuit	
BIT: 14	0: Pre-charge normal	
BIT: 15	0: PFC soft start normal	