



**ISOLATED DC-DC CONVERTER  
ECLB60W SERIES  
APPLICATION NOTE**



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### 1. Introduction

The ECLB60W series offer 60 watts of output power in a 2.05x1.20x0.4 inches copper packages. The ECLB60W series has a 4:1 wide input voltage range of 9-36 and 18-75VDC, and provides a precisely regulated output. This series has features such as high efficiency, 1500VDC of isolation and allows an ambient operating temperature range of  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $85^{\circ}\text{C}$  (de-rating above  $45^{\circ}\text{C}$ ). The modules are fully protected against input UVLO (under voltage lock out), output over-current, over-voltage and over-temperature and short circuit conditions. Furthermore, the standard control functions include remote on/off and adjustable output voltage. All models are very suitable for distributed power architectures, telecommunications, battery operated equipment and industrial applications.

### 2. DC-DC Converter Features

- \* 60W Isolated Output
- \* Efficiency to 92%
- \* 2.05" X1.2" X0.4" Six-Sided Shield Metal Case
- \* 4:1 Input Range
- \* Regulated Outputs
- \* Fixed Switching Frequency
- \* Input Under Voltage Protection
- \* Over Current Protection
- \* Remote On/Off
- \* Continuous Short Circuit Protection
- \* No Tantalum Capacitor Inside
- \* CE Mark Meets 2004/108/EC
- \* Safety Meets UL60950-1, EN60950-1, and IEC60950-1

### 3. Electrical Block Diagram

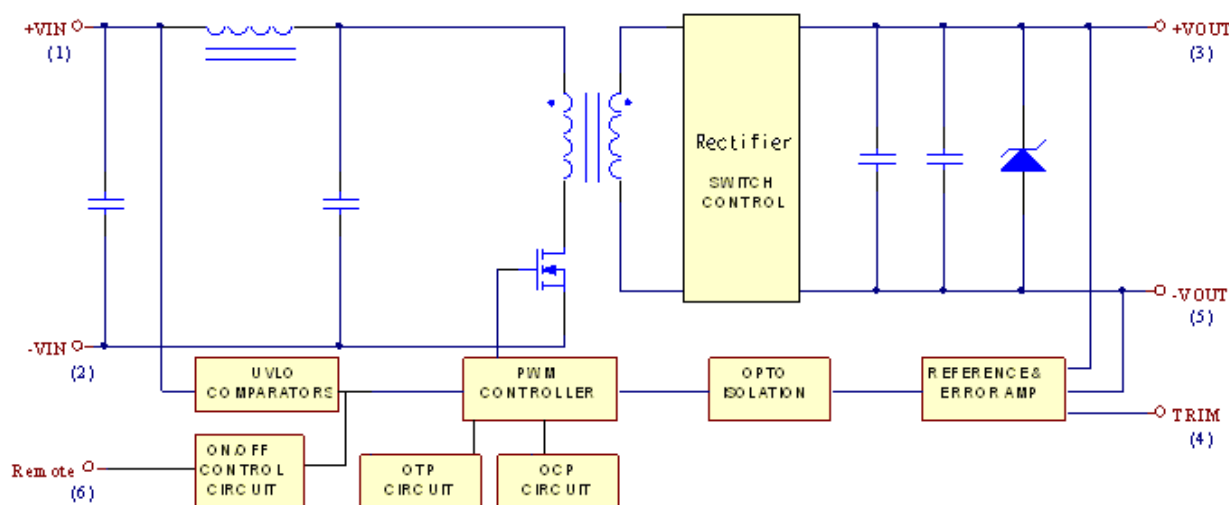


Figure 1 Electrical Block Diagram for Single Output Modules

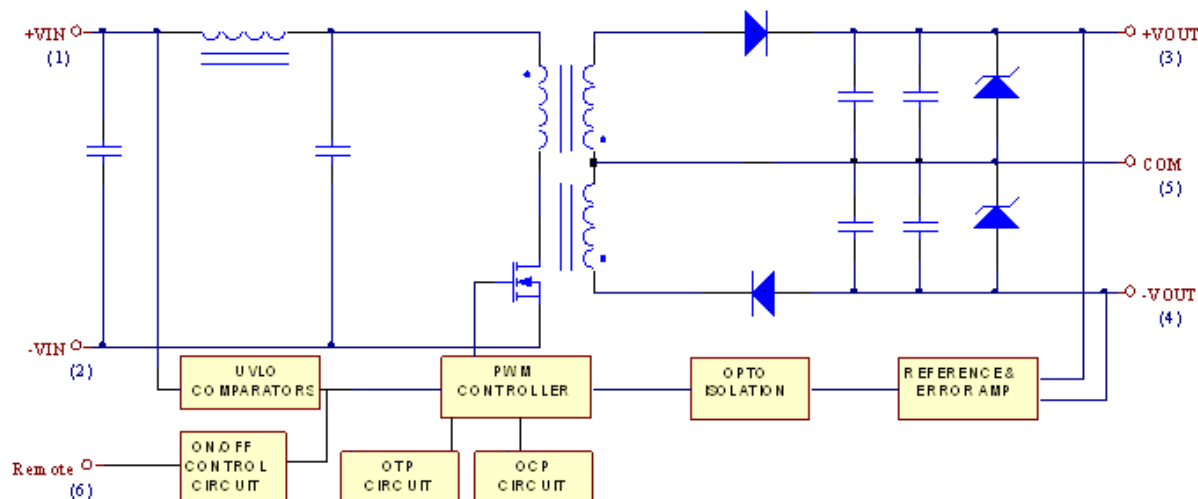


Figure 2 Electrical Block Diagram for Dual Output Modules



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### 4. Technical Specifications

(All specifications are typical at nominal input, full load at 25°C unless otherwise noted.)

<b>ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS</b>						
PARAMETER	NOTES and CONDITIONS	Device	Min.	Typical	Max.	Units
Input Voltage						
Continuous		24Vin	-0.3		36	Vdc
		48Vin	-0.3		75	
Transient	100ms	24Vin			50	Vdc
		48Vin			100	
Operating Ambient Temperature	Derating, above 45°C	All	-40		+85	°C
Case Temperature		All			105	°C
Storage Temperature		All	-55		+125	°C
Input/Output Isolation Voltage	1 minute	All			1500	Vdc
<b>INPUT CHARACTERISTICS</b>						
PARAMETER	NOTES and CONDITIONS	Device	Min.	Typical	Max.	Units
Operating Input Voltage		24Vin	9	24	36	Vdc
		48Vin	18	48	75	
Input UnderVoltage Lockout						
Turn-On Voltage Threshold		24Vin	8	8.5	8.8	V <sub>dc</sub>
		48Vin	16.5	17	17.5	
Turn-Off Voltage Threshold		24Vin	7.7	8	8.3	V <sub>dc</sub>
		48Vin	15.5	16	16.5	
Lockout Hysteresis Voltage		24Vin		0.5		V <sub>dc</sub>
		48Vin		1		
Maximum Input Current	100% Load, Vin=9V	24Vin		7500		mA
	100% Load, Vin=18V	48Vin		3800		
No-Load Input Current	Vin=12V	24S33		10		mA
		24S05		10		
		24S12		10		
		24S15		10		
		24D12		12		
		24D15		12		
	Vin=24V	48S33		8		
		48S05		8		
		48S12		8		
		48S15		8		
		48D12		8		
		48D15		8		
Inrush Current (I <sup>2</sup> t)	As per ETS300 132-2	All			0.1	A <sup>2</sup> s
Input Reflected-Ripple Current	P-P thru 1.2uH inductor, 5Hz to 20MHz	All			30	mA



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<b>OUTPUT CHARACTERISTIC</b>						
<b>PARAMETER</b>	<b>NOTES and CONDITIONS</b>	<b>Device</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Typical</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Units</b>
Output Voltage Set Point	Vin=nominal input, Io= Io <sub>max</sub> .	Vo=3.3V	3.2505	3.3	3.3495	Vdc
		Vo=5V	4.925	5	5.075	
		Vo=12V	11.82	12	12.18	
		Vo=15V	14.775	15	15.225	
		Vo=±12V	11.82	12	12.18	
		Vo=±15V	14.775	15	15.225	
Output Voltage Balance	Vin=nominal input, Io=Io <sub>max</sub> .	Dual			±1.0	%
Output Voltage Regulation						
Load Regulation	Io=full load to min. Load	Single			±0.5	%
		Dual			±0.5	
Line Regulation	Vin=high line to low line, full Load	Single			±0.2	%
		Dual			±0.2	
Cross Regulation	Load cross variation 10%/100%	Dual			±5	%
Temperature Coefficient	TC=-40°C to 85°C	All			±0.02	%/°C
Output Voltage Ripple and Noise						
Peak-to-Peak	Full Load, Measured with 1uF MLCC	Vo=3.3V			100	mV
		Vo=5V			100	
		Vo=12V			150	
		Vo=15V			150	
		Vo=±12V			150	
		Vo=±15V			150	
Operating Output Current Range		Vo=3.3V	0		15000	mA
		Vo=5V	0		12000	
		Vo=12V	0		5000	
		Vo=15V	0		4000	
		Vo=±12V	0		±2500	
		Vo=±15V	0		±2000	
Output DC Current-Limit Inception	Vo=90% Vo <sub>nominal</sub>	All	110	130	170	%
Maximum Output Capacitance	Full load (resistive)	Vo=3.3V			15000	uF
		Vo=5V			12000	
		Vo=12V			5000	
		Vo=15V			4000	
		Vo=±12V			2500	
		Vo=±15V			2000	
<b>DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS</b>						
<b>PARAMETER</b>	<b>NOTES and CONDITIONS</b>	<b>Device</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Typical</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Units</b>
Output Voltage Current Transient						
Step Change in Output Current	75% to 100% of Io <sub>max</sub> .	All			±5	%
Setting Time (within 1% Vonominal)	di/dt=0.1A/us	All			250	us
Turn-On Delay and Rise Time						
Turn-On Delay Time, From On/Off Control	Von/off to 10%Vo, set	All		15		ms
Turn-On Delay Time, From Input	Vin, min. to 10%Vo, set	All		15		ms
Output Voltage Rise Time	10%Vo, set to 90%Vo, set	All		15		ms



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<b>EFFICIENCY</b>							
<b>PARAMETER</b>	<b>NOTES and CONDITIONS</b>	<b>Device</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Typical</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Units</b>	
100% Load	Vin=12V	24S33		90.5		%	
		24S05		92			
		24S12		92.5			
		24S15		92			
		24D12		91			
		24D15		92			
	Vin=24V	48S33		91			
		48S05		92			
		48S12		92.5			
		48S15		92			
		48D12		91			
		48D15		92			
100% Load	Vin=24V	24S33		90		%	
		24S05		92			
		24S12		92			
		24S15		91			
		24D12		91			
		24D15		91			
	Vin=48V	48S33		90.5			
		48S05		92			
		48S12		92			
		48S15		91			
		48D12		91			
		48D15		91			
<b>ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS</b>							
<b>PARAMETER</b>	<b>NOTES and CONDITIONS</b>	<b>Device</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Typical</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Units</b>	
Input to Output	1 minutes	All			1500	Vdc	
Isolation Resistance		All	1000			MΩ	
Isolation Capacitance	Input/Output	All		1500		pF	
	Input/Case			1000			
	Output/Case			1000			
<b>FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS</b>							
<b>PARAMETER</b>	<b>NOTES and CONDITIONS</b>	<b>Device</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Typical</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Units</b>	
Switching Frequency		Single Dual		245 300		KHz	
On/Off Control, Positive Remote On/Off logic							
Logic Low (Module Off)	Von/off at Ion/off=1.0mA	All	0		1.2	V	
Logic High (Module On)	Von/off at Ion/off=0.1uA	All	3.5 or Open Circuit		75	V	
On/Off Control, Negative Remote On/Off logic							
Logic Low (Module Off)	Von/off at Ion/off=1.0mA	All	3.5 or Open Circuit 0		75	V	
Logic High (Module On)	Von/off at Ion/off=0.1uA	All	0		1.2	V	



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<b>FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS</b>						
<b>PARAMETER</b>	<b>NOTES and CONDITIONS</b>	<b>Device</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Typical</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Units</b>
On/Off Current (for both remote on/off logic)	Ion/off at Von/off=0.0V	All		0.3	1	mA
Leakage Current (for both remote on/off logic)	Logic high, Von/off=15V	All			30	uA
Off Converter Input Current	Shutdown input idle current	All		4	10	mA
Output Voltage Trim Range	Pout=maximum rated power	All	-10		+10	%
Output Over Voltage Protection	Zener or TVS clamp	Vo=3.3V Vo=5.0V Vo=12V Vo=15V Vo=±12V Vo=±15V		3.9 6.2 15 18 ±15 ±18		Vdc
Over-Temperature Shutdown		All		110		°C
<b>GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS</b>						
<b>PARAMETER</b>	<b>NOTES and CONDITIONS</b>	<b>Device</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Typical</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Units</b>
MTBF	Io=100%of Io.max.; Ta=25°C per MIL-HDBK-217F	Vo=3.3V Vo=5.0V Vo=12V Vo=15V Vo=±12V Vo=±15V		1116 872 930 1230 859 1063		K hours
Weight		All		39		grams



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### 5. Main Features and Functions

#### 5.1 Operating Temperature Range

The ECLB60W series converters can be operated by a wide ambient temperature range from  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $85^{\circ}\text{C}$  (de-rating above  $45^{\circ}\text{C}$ ). The standard model has a copper case and case temperature can not over  $105^{\circ}\text{C}$  at normal operating.

#### 5.2 Remote On/Off

The remote on/off input feature of the converter allows external circuitry to turn the converter on or off. Active-high remote on/off is available as standard. The converter is turned on if the remote on/off pin is high ( $>3.5\text{Vdc}$  to 75 or open circuit). Setting the pin low (0 to  $<1.2\text{Vdc}$ ) will turn the converter 'off'. The signal level of the remote on/off input is defined with respect to  $-\text{Vin}$ . If not using the remote on/off pin, leave the pin open (module will be on).

#### 5.3 UVLO (Under Voltage Lock Out)

Input under voltage lockout is standard on the ECLB60W unit. The unit will shut down when the input voltage drops below a threshold, and the unit will operate when the input voltage goes above the upper threshold.

#### 5.4 Over Current Protection

All models have internal over current and continuous short circuit protection. The unit operates normally once the fault condition is removed. At the point of current limit inception, the converter will go into hiccup mode protection.

#### 5.5 Over Voltage Protection

The over-voltage protection consists of a zener diode to limiting the out voltage.

#### 5.6 Over-Temperature Protection (OTP)

The ECLB60W series converters are equipped with non-latching over-temperature protection. If the temperature exceeds a threshold of  $110^{\circ}\text{C}$  (typical) the converter will shut down, disabling the output. When the temperature has decreased the converter will automatically restart. The over-temperature condition can be induced by a variety of reasons such as external overload condition or a system fan failure.

#### 5.7 Output Voltage Adjustment

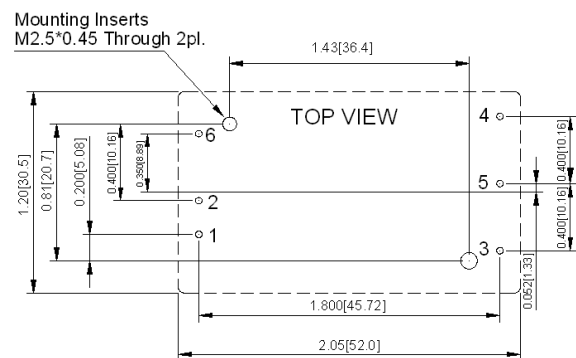
Section 6.7 describes in detail how to trim the output voltage with respect to its set point. The output voltage on all models is adjustable within the range of  $+10\%$  to  $-10\%$ . (Single output models only)

### 6. Applications

#### 6.1 Recommended Layout PCB Footprints and Soldering Information

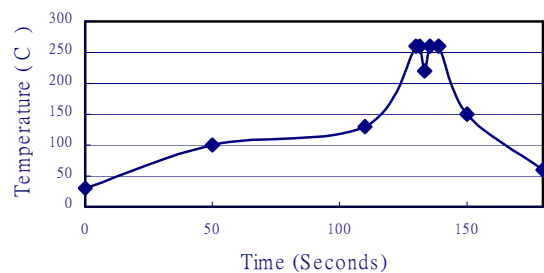
The system designer or the end user must ensure that other components and metal in the vicinity of the converter meet the spacing requirements to which the system is approved. Low resistance and low inductance PCB layout traces are the norm and should be used where possible. Due consideration must also be given to proper low impedance tracks between power module, input and output grounds. The recommended footprints and soldering profiles are shown below.

- 1.3mm PLATED THROUGH HOLE
- 2.0mm PAD SIZE



Note: Dimensions are in inches (millimeters)

#### Lead Free Wave Soldering Profile



Note :

1. Soldering Materials: Sn/Cu/Ni
2. Ramp up rate during preheat:  $1.4^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{Sec}$  (From  $50^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $100^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
3. Soaking temperature:  $0.5^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{Sec}$  (From  $100^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $130^{\circ}\text{C}$ ),  $60\pm 20$  seconds
4. Peak temperature:  $260^{\circ}\text{C}$ , above  $250^{\circ}\text{C}$  3~6 Seconds
5. Ramp up rate during cooling:  $-10.0^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{Sec}$  (From  $260^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $150^{\circ}\text{C}$ )





# ECLB60W 49.5-60 Watt Isolated DC-DC Converters

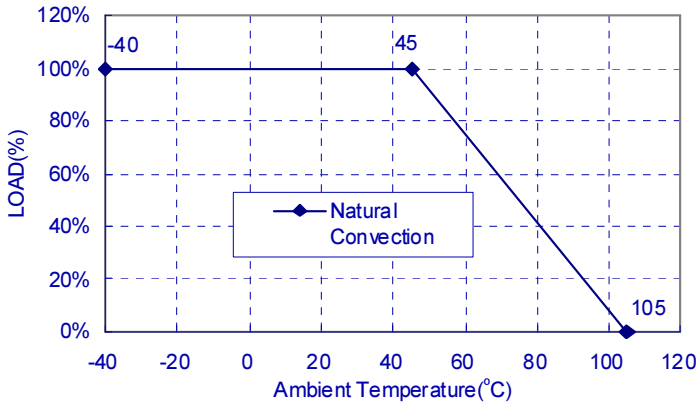
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### 6.2 Power De-Rating Curves for ECLB60W Series

Operating Ambient temperature Range:  $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 85^{\circ}\text{C}$  (derating above  $45^{\circ}\text{C}$ ).

Maximum case temperature under any operating condition should not exceed  $105^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

Typical Derating Curve for Natural Convection



De-rating measured with nominal line. Output power 60W and converter mounted test board (86x50x1.6mm, 2Oz) by M2.5 screw

#### Example (without heatsink):

The ECLB60W-24S12 operating at nominal line voltage, an output current of 5A, and a maximum ambient temperature of  $45^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

#### Solution:

Given:  $V_{in}=24V_{dc}$ ,  $V_o=12V_{dc}$ ,  $I_o=5A$

#### Determine Power dissipation ( $P_d$ ):

$$P_d = P_i - P_o = P_o(1 - \eta)$$

$$P_d = 5.0 \times 10 \times (1 - 0.92) / 0.92 = 5.22 \text{ Watts}$$

#### Determine airflow:

Airflow: Natural Convection

#### Check above Power de-rating curve:

Given:  $P_d=5.22W$  and  $T_a=45^{\circ}\text{C}$

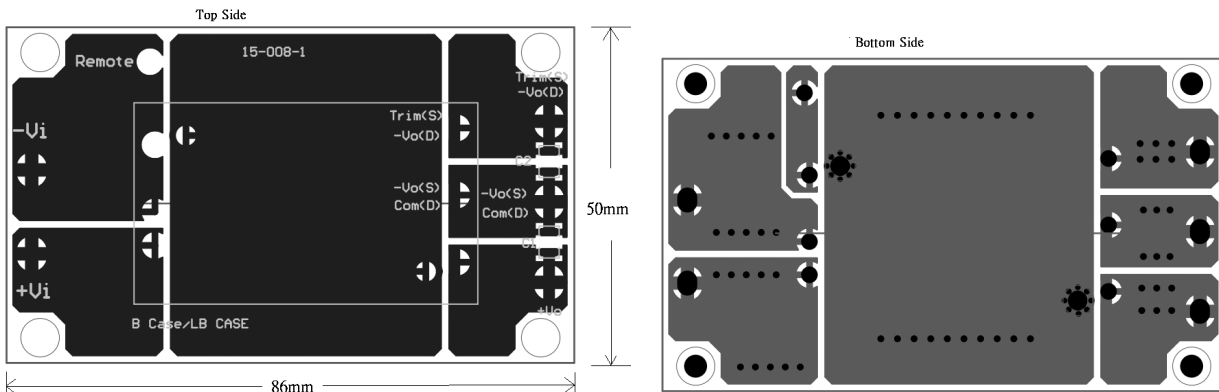
**Verifying:** The maximum temperature rise  $\Delta T = P_d \times R_{ca} = 5.22 \times 11.25 = 58.73^{\circ}\text{C}$

The maximum case temperature  $T_c = T_a + \Delta T = 103.73^{\circ}\text{C} < 105^{\circ}\text{C}$

**Where:** The  $R_{ca}$  is thermal resistance from case to ambience.

The  $T_a$  is ambient temperature and the  $T_c$  is case temperature

Recommended PCB Layout with de-rating. (86x50x1.6mm, 2Oz.)

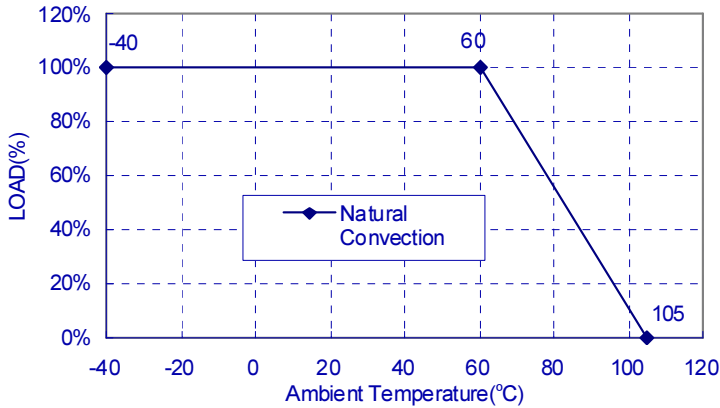




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Typical Derating Curve for Natural Convection with Heatsink  
M-C655



De-rating measured with nominal line. Output power 60W and converter with thermal pad SZ 29.5x49.8x0.25mm and heat sink M-C655. Mounted test board (86x50x1.6mm, 2Oz) by M2.5 screw

### Example (with heatsink M-C655):

The ECLB60W-48S05 with thermal pad SZ 29.5x49.8x0.25mm and heat sink MC-655 operating at nominal line voltage, an output current of 12A, and a maximum ambient temperature of 60°C.

### Solution:

Given:  $V_{in}=48V_{dc}$ ,  $V_o=5V_{dc}$ ,  $I_o=12A$

### Determine Power dissipation ( $P_d$ ):

$$P_d = P_i - P_o = P_o(1-\eta)/\eta$$

$$P_d = 5.0 \times 10 \times (1-0.92)/0.92 = 5.22 \text{ Watts}$$

### Determine airflow:

Airflow: Natural Convection

### Check above Power de-rating curve:

Given:  $P_d=5.22W$  and  $T_a=60^\circ C$

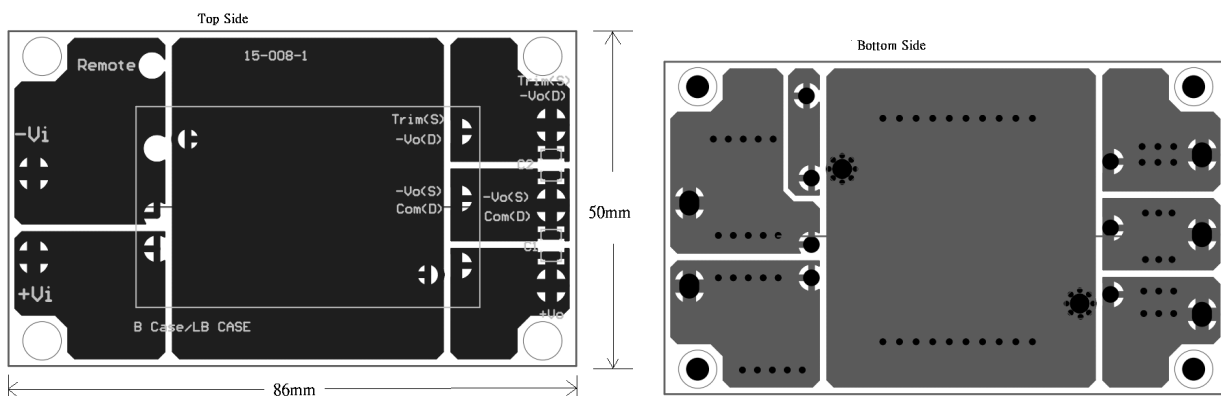
**Verifying:** The maximum temperature rise  $\Delta T = P_d \times R_{ca} = 5.22 \times 8.3 = 43.33^\circ C$

The maximum case temperature  $T_c = T_a + \Delta T = 103.33^\circ C < 105^\circ C$

**Where:** The  $R_{ca}$  is thermal resistance from case to ambience.

The  $T_a$  is ambient temperature and the  $T_c$  is case temperature

Recommended PCB Layout with de-rating. (86x50x1.6mm, 2Oz.)

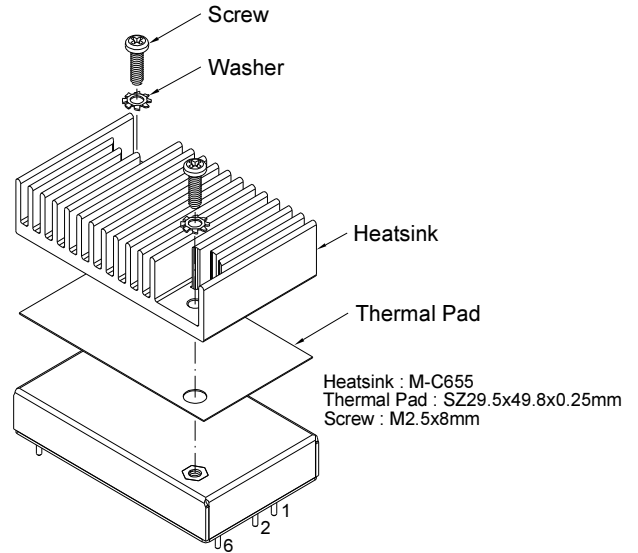
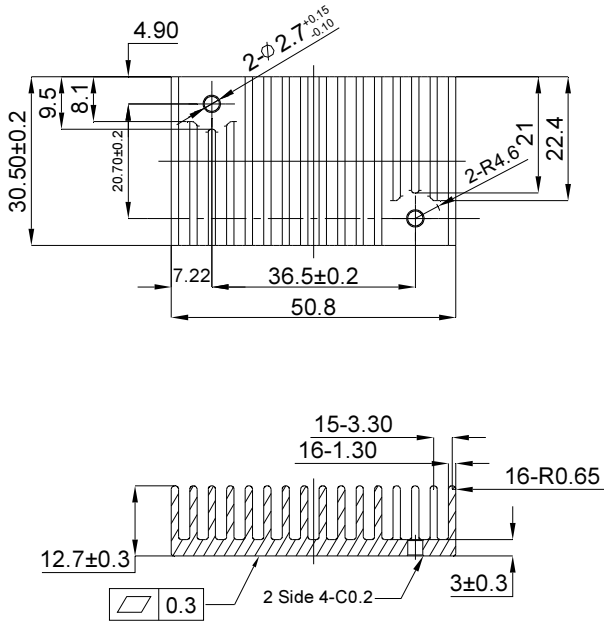




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### 6.3 LB Heat Sinks:



#### M-C655 (G6620790202)

Transverse Heat Sink

All Dimensions in mm

Thermal Pad: SZ29.5x49.8x0.25mm (G6135041753)

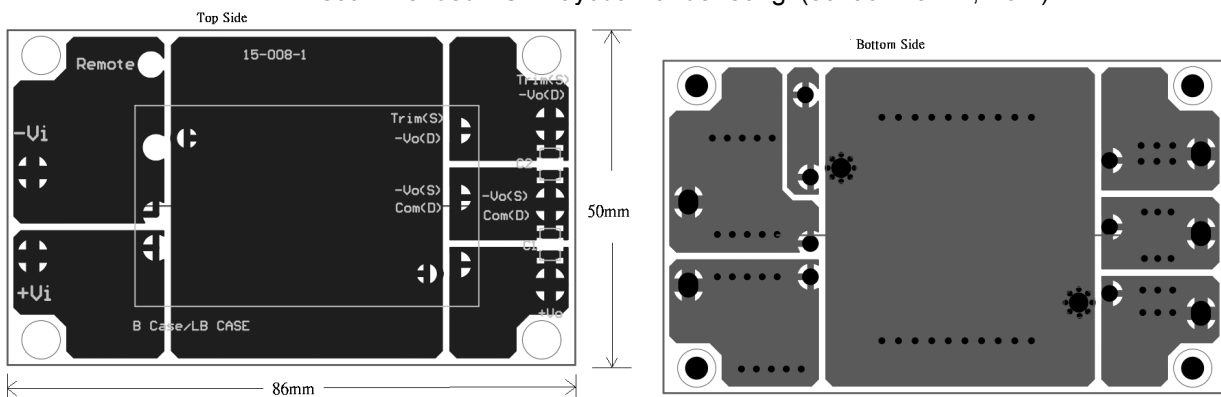
Screw: M2.5x8mm (G75A3300922)

Washer: (G75A5750052)

Rca: 8.99°C/W (typ.), At natural convection

Rca: 8.3°C/W (typ.), At natural convection, mounted 85x50x1.6mm 2Oz test board.

Recommended PCB Layout with de-rating. (86x50x1.6mm, 2Oz.)

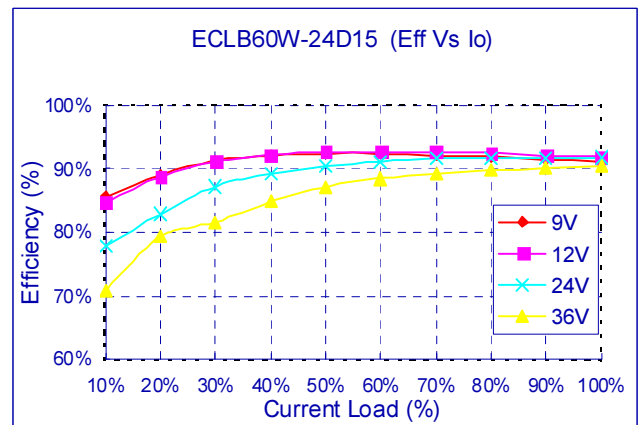
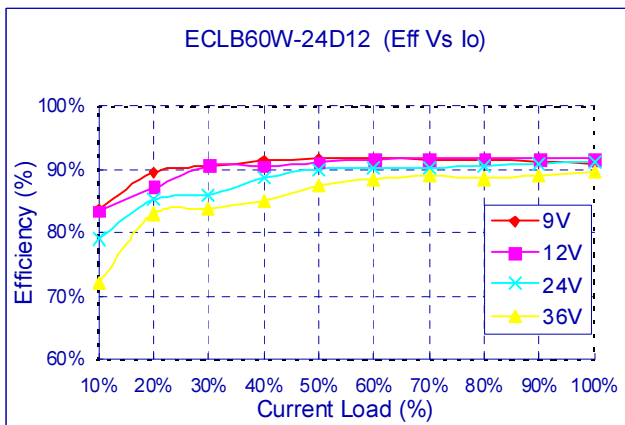
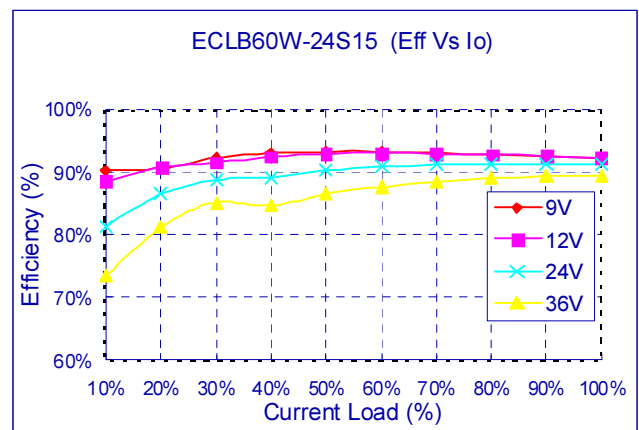
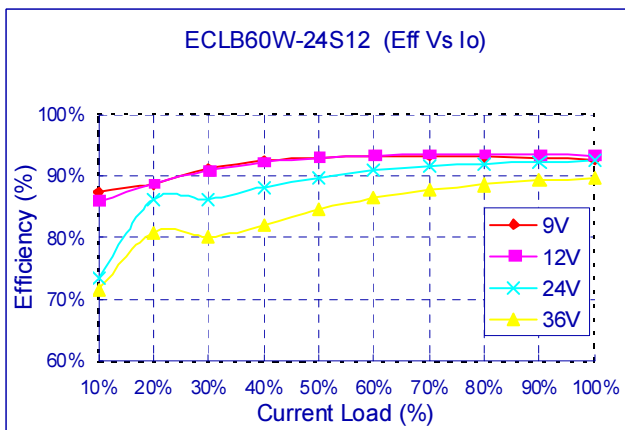
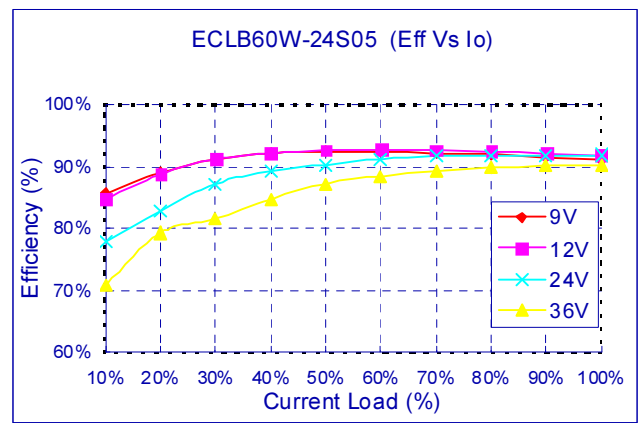
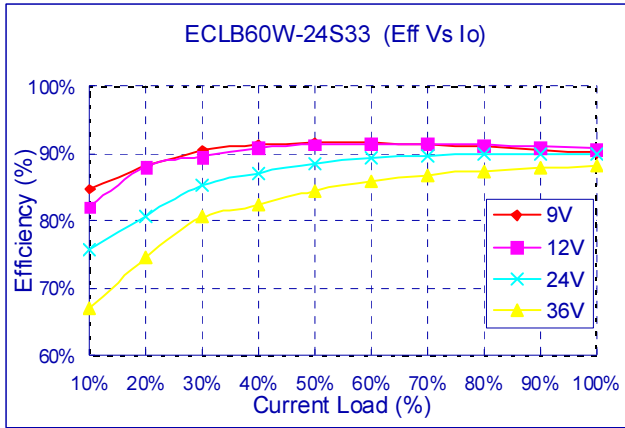




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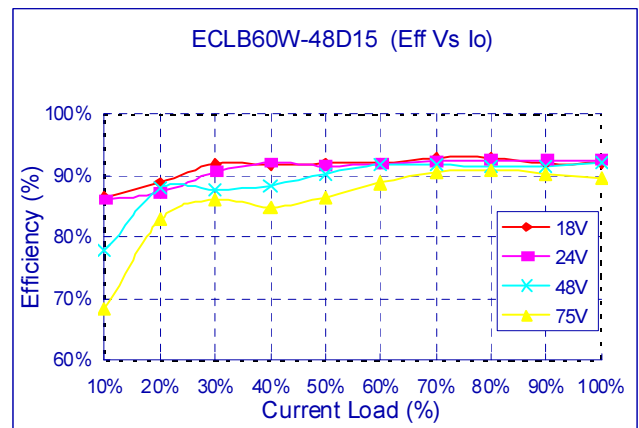
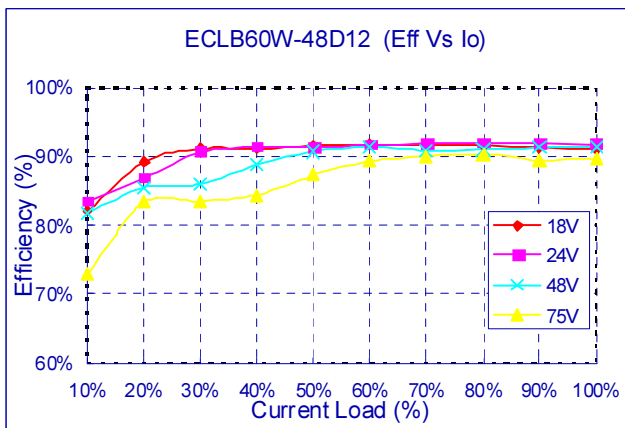
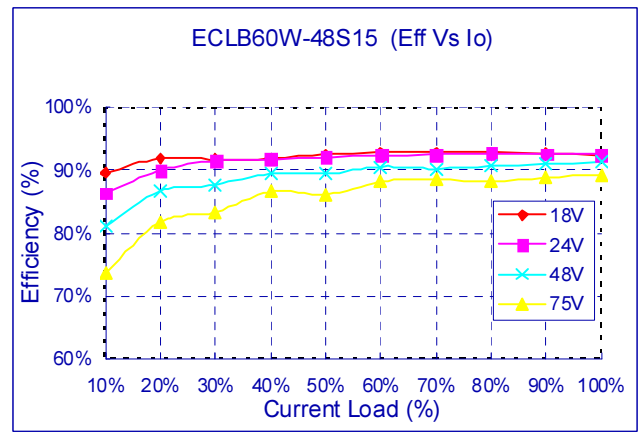
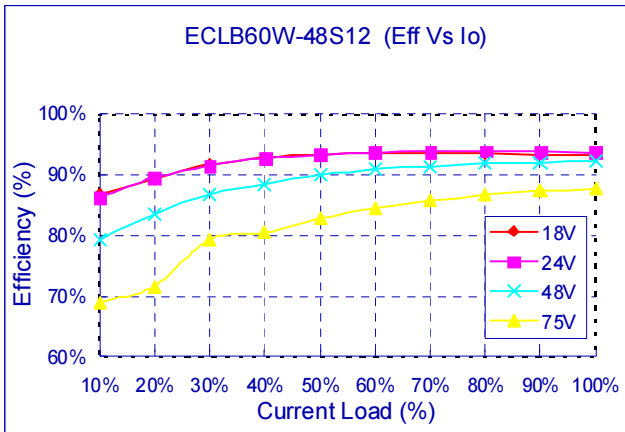
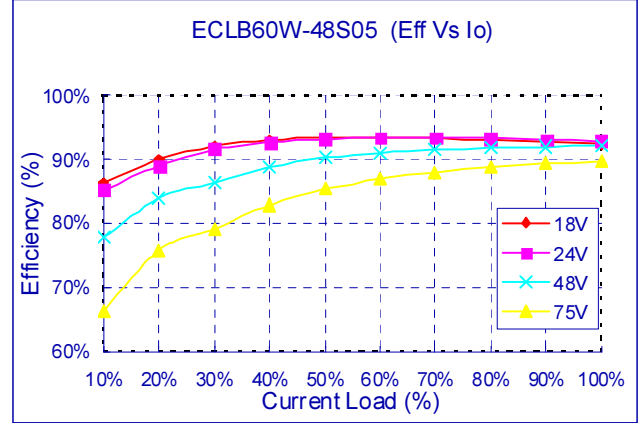
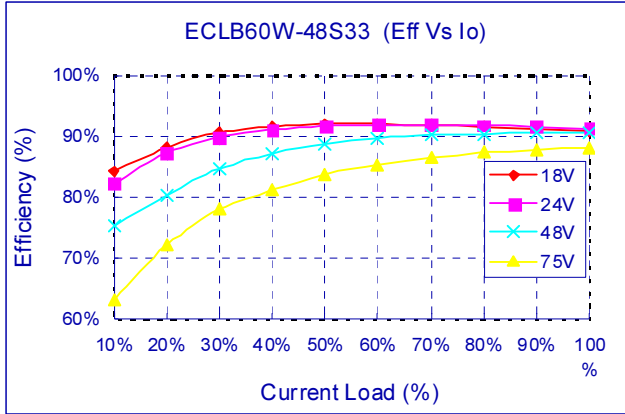
### 6.4 Efficiency vs. Load Curves





# ECLB60W 49.5-60 Watt Isolated DC-DC Converters

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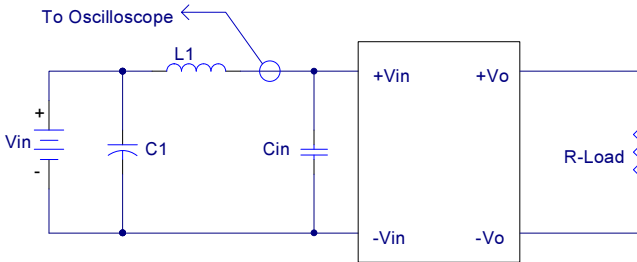
# ECLB60W 49.5-60 Watt Isolated DC-DC Converters

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### 6.5 Input Capacitance at the Power Module

The converters must be connected to low AC source impedance. To avoid problems with loop stability source inductance should be low. Also, the input capacitors (Cin) should be placed close to the converter input pins to de-couple distribution inductance. However, the external input capacitors are chosen for suitable ripple handling capability. Low ESR capacitors are good choice. Circuit as shown in Figure 5 represents typical measurement methods for reflected ripple current. C1 and L1 simulate a typical DC source impedance. The input reflected-ripple current is measured by current probe to oscilloscope with a simulated.

source Inductance (L1).



L1: 1.2uH  
 C1: None  
 Cin: 330uF ESR<0.7ohm @100KHz

Figure 5 Input Reflected-Ripple Test Setup

### 6.6 Test Set-Up

The basic test set-up to measure parameters such as efficiency and load regulation is shown in Figure 6. When testing the modules under any transient conditions please ensure that the transient response of the source is sufficient to power the equipment under test. We can calculate the

- Efficiency
- Load regulation and line regulation.

The value of efficiency is defined as:

$$\eta = \frac{V_O \times I_O}{V_{IN} \times I_{IN}} \times 100\%$$

Where

- $V_O$  is output voltage,
- $I_O$  is output current,
- $V_{IN}$  is input voltage,
- $I_{IN}$  is input current.

The value of load regulation is defined as:

$$Load.reg = \frac{V_{FL} - V_{NL}}{V_{NL}} \times 100\%$$

Where

- $V_{FL}$  is the output voltage at full load
- $V_{NL}$  is the output voltage at zero load

The value of line regulation is defined as:

$$Line.reg = \frac{V_{HL} - V_{LL}}{V_{LL}} \times 100\%$$

Where

- $V_{HL}$  is the output voltage of maximum input voltage at full load.
- $V_{LL}$  is the output voltage of minimum input voltage at full load.

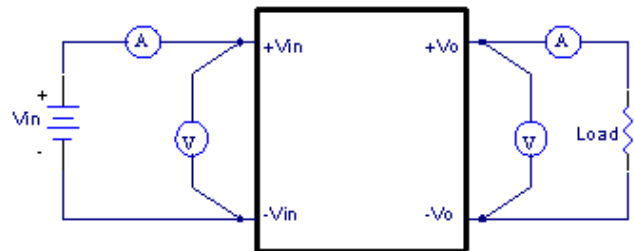


Figure 6 ECLB60W Series Test Setup

### 6.7 Output Voltage Adjustment

In order to trim the voltage up or down one needs to connect the trim resistor either between the trim pin and -Vo for trim-up and between trim pin and +Vo for trim-down. The output voltage trim range is  $\pm 10\%$ . (Single output models only) This is shown in Figure 7 and 8:

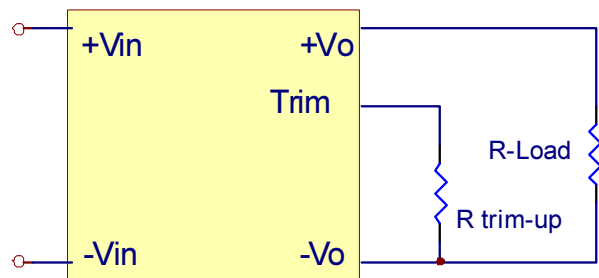


Figure 7 Trim-up Voltage Setup



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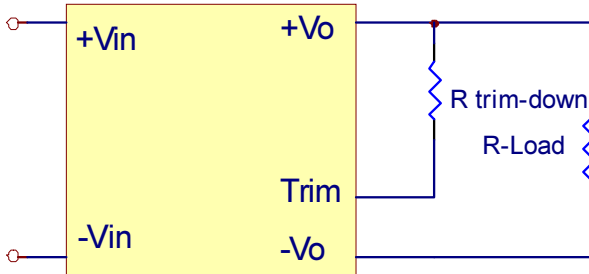


Figure 8 Trim-down Voltage Setup

### 1. The value of $R_{trim-up}$ defined as:

$$R_{trim-up} = \left( \frac{V_r \times R1 \times (R2 + R3)}{(V_o - V_{o,nom}) \times R2} \right) - R_t \text{ (K}\Omega\text{)}$$

Where

$R_{trim-up}$  is the external resistor in Kohm.

$V_{o,nom}$  is the nominal output voltage.

$V_o$  is the desired output voltage.

$R1$ ,  $R_t$ ,  $R2$ ,  $R3$  and  $V_r$  are internal to the unit and are defined in Table 1.

Table 1 – Trim up and Trim down Resistor Values

Model Number	Output Voltage(V)	R1 (K $\Omega$ )	R2 (K $\Omega$ )	R3 (K $\Omega$ )	Rt (K $\Omega$ )	Vr (V)
ECLB60W-XXS33	3.3	2.74	1.8	0.27	9.1	1.25
ECLB60W-XXS05	5.0	2.32	2.32	0	8.2	2.5
ECLB60W-XXS12	12.0	6.8	2.4	2.32	22	2.5
ECLB60W-XXS15	15.0	8.06	2.4	3.9	27	2.5

For example, to trim-up the output voltage of 5.0V module (ECLB60W-24S05) by 10% to 5.5V,  $R_{trim-up}$  is calculated as follows:

$$V_o - V_{o,nom} = 5.5 - 5.0 = 0.5V$$

$$R1 = 2.32 \text{ K}\Omega$$

$$R2 = 2.32 \text{ K}\Omega$$

$$R3 = 0 \text{ K}\Omega$$

$$R_t = 8.2 \text{ K}\Omega,$$

$$V_r = 2.5 \text{ V}$$

$$R_{trim-up} = \left( \frac{2.5 \times 2.32 \times (2.32 + 0)}{0.5 \times 2.32} \right) - 8.2 = 3.4(\text{K}\Omega)$$

### 2.The value of $R_{trim-down}$ defined as:

$$R_{trim-down} = R1 \times \left( \frac{V_r \times R1}{(V_{o,nom} - V_o) \times R2} - 1 \right) - R_t \text{ (K}\Omega\text{)}$$

Where

$R_{trim-down}$  is the external resistor in Kohm.

$V_{o,nom}$  is the nominal output voltage.

$V_o$  is the desired output voltage.

$R1$ ,  $R_t$ ,  $R2$ ,  $R3$  and  $V_r$  are internal to the unit and are defined in Table 1

For example, to trim-down the output voltage of 5.0V module (ECLB60W-12S05) by 10% to 4.5V,  $R_{trim-down}$  is calculated as follows:

$$V_{o,nom} - V_o = 5.0 - 4.5 = 0.5V$$

$$R1 = 2.32 \text{ K}\Omega$$

$$R2 = 2.32 \text{ K}\Omega$$

$$R3 = 0 \text{ K}\Omega$$

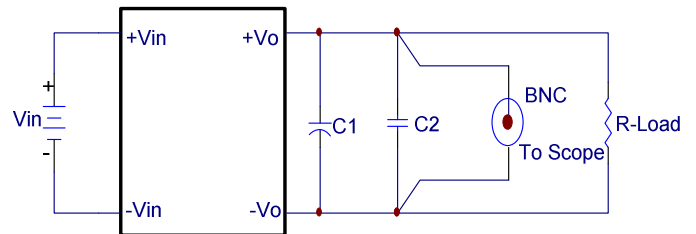
$$R_t = 8.2 \text{ K}\Omega$$

$$V_r = 2.5 \text{ V}$$

$$R_{trim-down} = 2.32 \times \left( \frac{(2.5 \times 2.32)}{0.5 \times 2.32} - 1 \right) - 8.2 = 1.08 \text{ (K}\Omega\text{)}$$

### 6.8 Output Ripple and Noise Measurement

The test set-up for noise and ripple measurements is shown in Figure 9. A coaxial cable was used to prevent impedance mismatch reflections disturbing the noise readings at higher frequencies. Measurements are taken with output appropriately loaded and all ripple/noise specifications are from 5Hz to 20MHz bandwidth.



Note: C1: none

C2: 1uF ceramic capacitor

Figure 9 Output Voltage Ripple and Noise Measurement Set-Up

### 6.9 Output Capacitance

The ECLB60W series converters provide unconditional stability with or without external capacitors. For good transient response low ESR output capacitors should be located close to the point of load. These series converters are designed to work with load capacitance to see technical specifications.



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### 7. Safety & EMC

#### 7.1 Input Fusing and Safety Considerations.

The ECLB60W series converters have not an internal fuse. However, to achieve maximum safety and system protection, always use an input line fuse. We recommended a time delay fuse 10A for 24Vin models and 6A for 48Vin modules. Figure 10 circuit is recommended by a Transient Voltage Suppressor diode across the input terminal to protect the unit against surge or spike voltage and input reverse voltage.

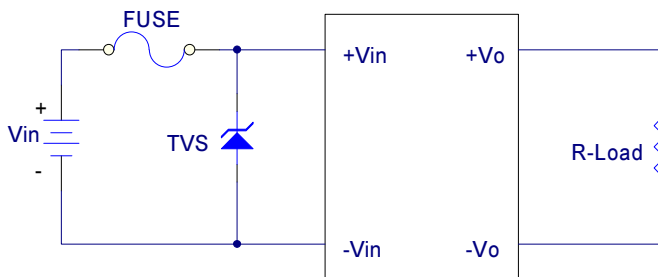


Figure 10 Input Protection

#### 7.2 EMC Considerations

EMI Test Standard: EN55022 Class A Conducted Emission

Test Condition: Input Voltage: Nominal, Output Load: Full Load

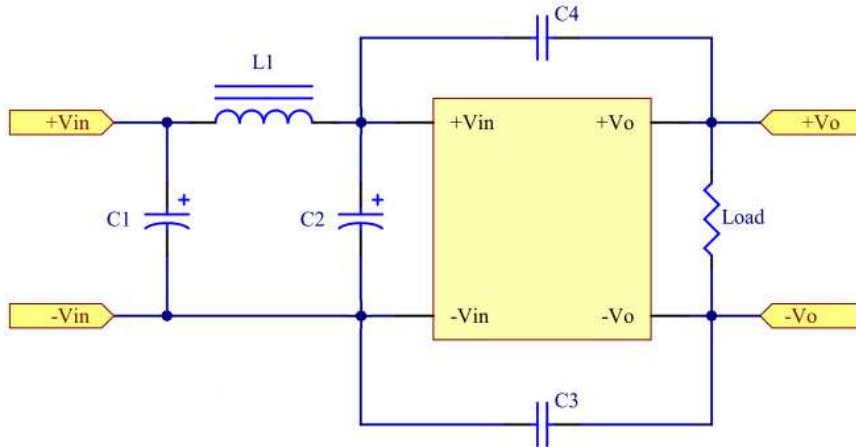


Figure 11 Connection circuit for conducted EMI testing





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Model No.	C1	C2	C3	C4	L1
ECLB60W-24S33	220u/63V ESR < 0.046Ω	220u/63V ESR < 0.046Ω	2200pF 1808	2200pF 1808	3.4uH
ECLB60W-24S05	220u/63V ESR < 0.046Ω	220u/63V ESR < 0.046Ω	2200pF 1808	2200pF 1808	3.4uH
ECLB60W-24S12	220u/63V ESR < 0.046Ω	220u/63V ESR < 0.046Ω	2200pF 1808	2200pF 1808	3.4uH
ECLB60W-24S15	220u/63V ESR < 0.046Ω	220u/63V ESR < 0.046Ω	2200pF 1808	2200pF 1808	3.4uH
ECLB60W-24D12	220u/63V ESR < 0.046Ω	220u/63V ESR < 0.046Ω	2200pF 1808	2200pF 1808	3.4uH
ECLB60W-24D15	220u/63V ESR < 0.046Ω	220u/63V ESR < 0.046Ω	2200pF 1808	2200pF 1808	3.4uH
ECLB60W-48S33	82u/100V ESR < 0.084Ω	82u/100V ESR < 0.084Ω	2200pF 1808	2200pF 1808	3.4uH
ECLB60W-48S05	82u/100V ESR < 0.084Ω	82u/100V ESR < 0.084Ω	2200pF 1808	2200pF 1808	3.4uH
ECLB60W-48S12	82u/100V ESR < 0.084Ω	82u/100V ESR < 0.084Ω	2200pF 1808	2200pF 1808	3.4uH
ECLB60W-48S15	82u/100V ESR < 0.084Ω	82u/100V ESR < 0.084Ω	2200pF 1808	2200pF 1808	3.4uH
ECLB60W-48D12	82u/100V ESR < 0.084Ω	82u/100V ESR < 0.084Ω	2200pF 1808	2200pF 1808	3.4uH
ECLB60W-48D15	82u/100V ESR < 0.084Ω	82u/100V ESR < 0.084Ω	2200pF 1808	2200pF 1808	3.4uH



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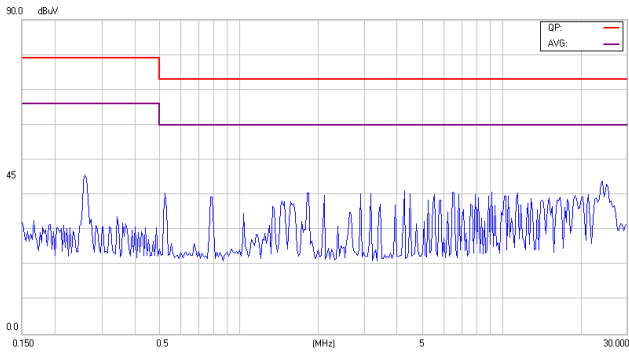


Figure 12 Conducted Class A of ECLB60W-24S33

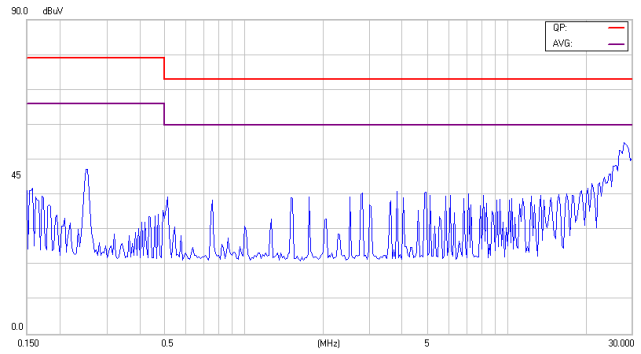


Figure 13 Conducted Class A of ECLB60W-24S05

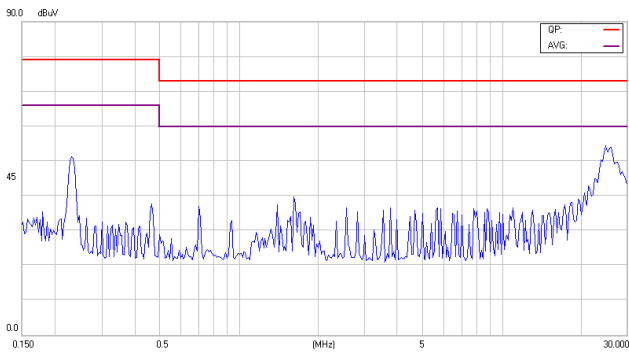


Figure 14 Conducted Class A of ECLB60W-24S12

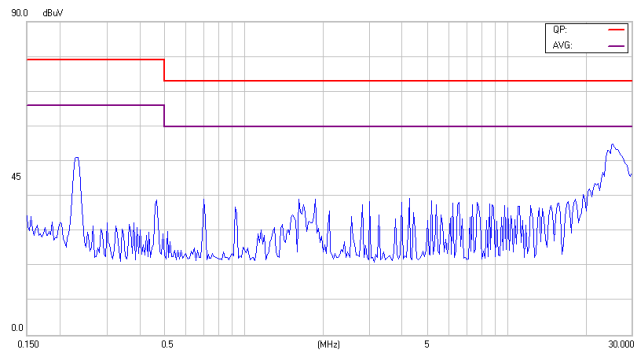


Figure 15 Conducted Class A ECLB60W-24S15

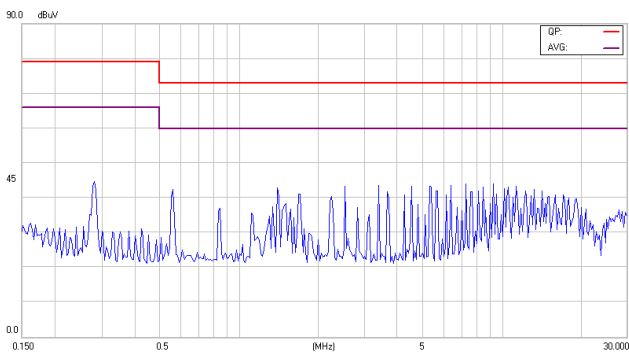


Figure 16 Conducted Class A of ECLB60W-24D12

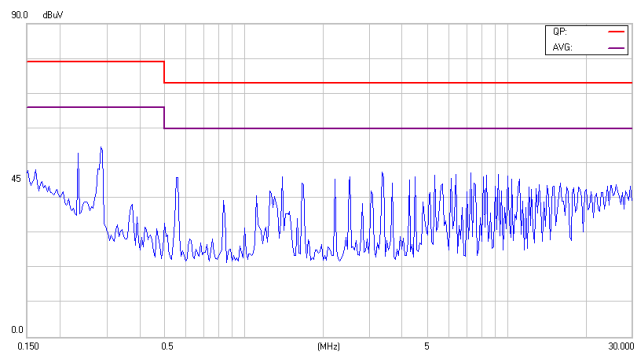


Figure 17 Conducted Class A of ECLB60W-24D15



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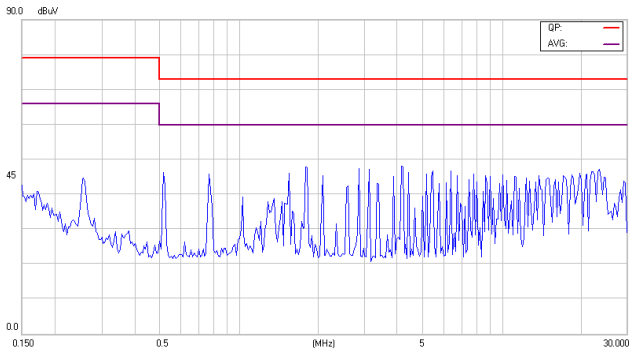


Figure 18 Conducted Class A of ECLB60W-48S33

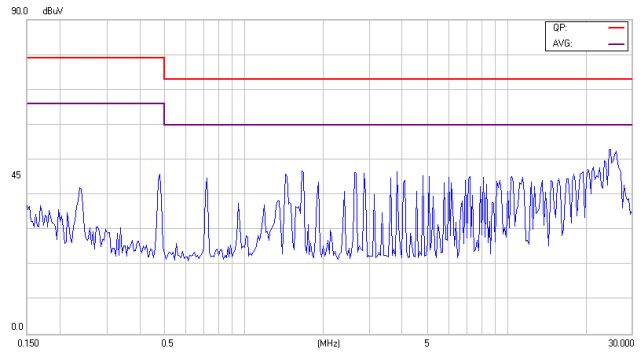


Figure 19 Conducted Class A of ECLB60W-48S05

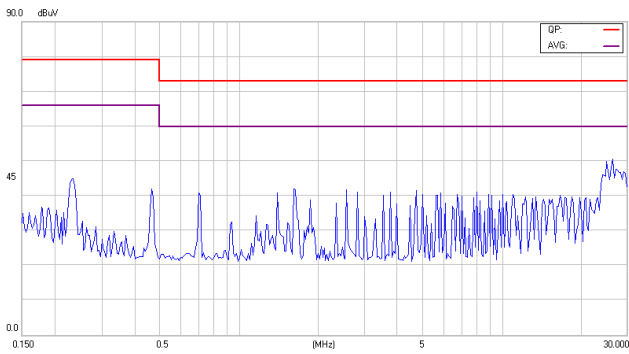


Figure 20 Conducted Class A of ECLB60W-48S12

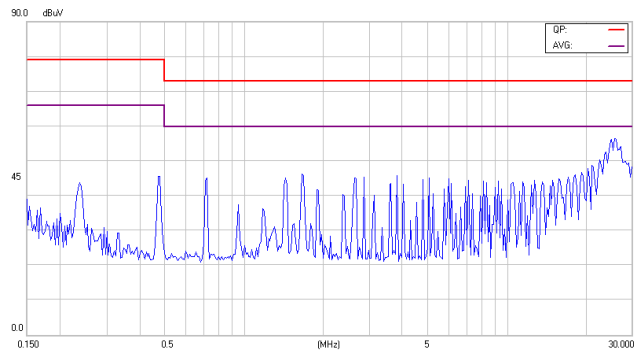


Figure 21 Conducted Class A of ECLB60W-48S15

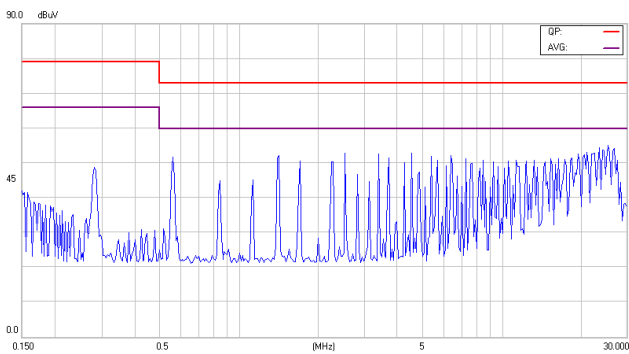


Figure 22 Conducted Class A of ECLB60W-48D12

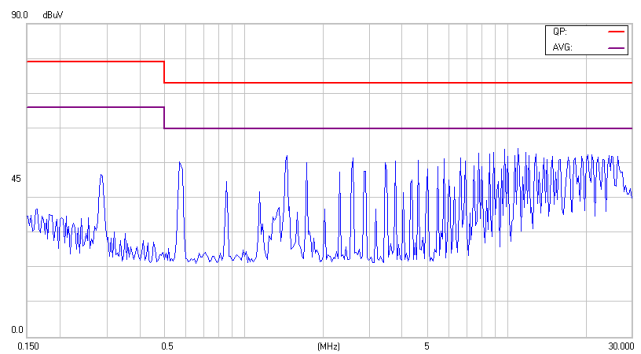


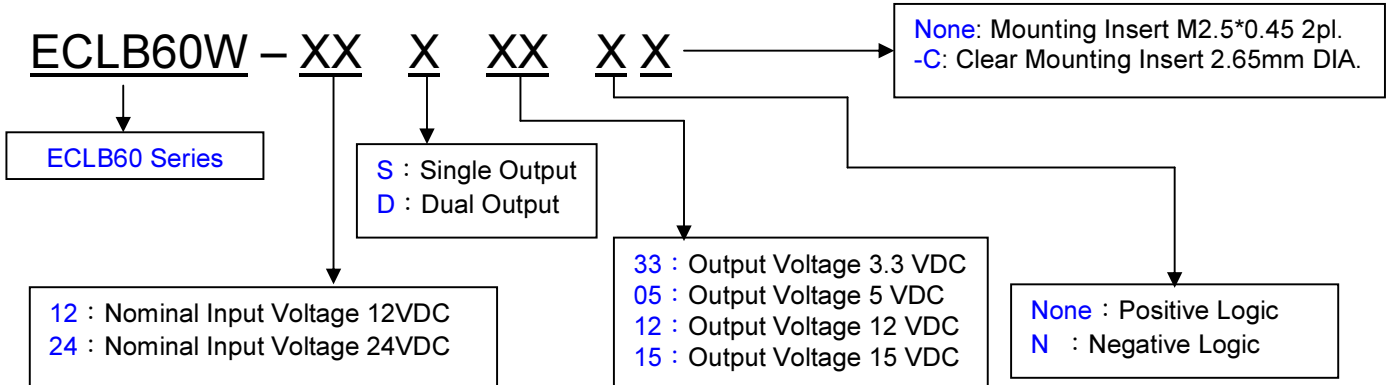
Figure 23 Conducted Class A of ECLB60W-48D15



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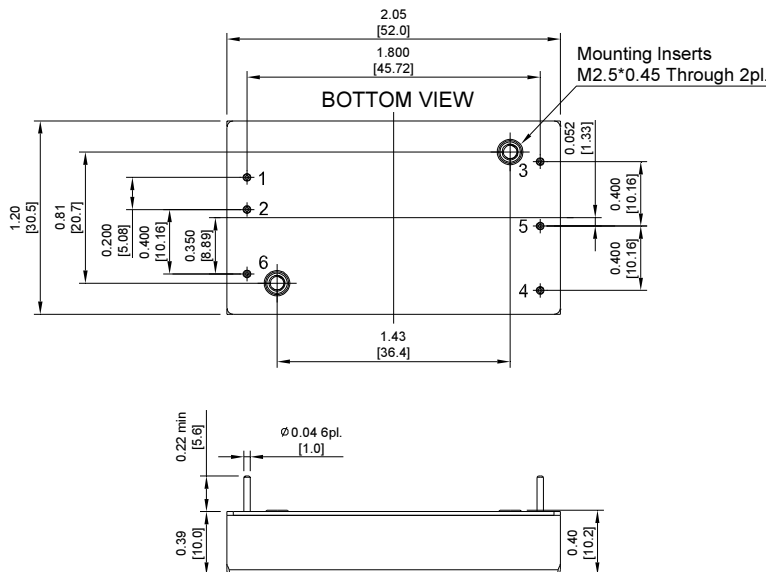
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### 8. Part Number



### 9. Mechanical Specifications

NOTE: Pin Size is 0.04±0.004 Inch (1.0±0.1 mm)DIA  
 All Dimensions in Inches[mm]  
 Tolerance Inches:x.xx=±0.02 ,x.xxx=±0.010  
 Millimeters:x.x=±0.5 , x.xx=±0.25



PIN CONNECTION		
PIN	Single Output	Dual Output
1	+V Input	+V Input
2	-V Input	-V Input
3	+V Output	+V Output
4	Trim	-V Output
5	-V Output	Common
6	Remote On/Off	

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